

**TIPHARCO PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT STOCK
COMPANY**

FINANCIAL REPORTS

QUARTER I 2026



TIPHARCO PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT STOCK COMPANY

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS	Code	Note	Mar.31, 2026	Jan.01, 2026
LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		93.320.384.981	96.327.705.222
Long-term receivable	210		219.255.000	219.255.000
Long-term trade accounts receivable	211		-	-
Long-term prepayments to suppliers	212		-	-
Capital allocated to dependent units	213		-	-
Long-term intercompany receivables	214		-	-
Other long-term receivables	215	4(b)	219.255.000	219.255.000
Provision for doubtful long-term receivables (*)	210		-	-
Fixed assets	220		84.648.615.448	87.289.664.003
Tangible fixed assets	221	8(a)	84.098.615.448	86.739.664.003
<i>Historical cost</i>	222		202.779.789.982	202.779.789.982
<i>Accumulated depreciation (*)</i>	223		(118.681.174.534)	(116.040.125.979)
Finance lease fixed assets	224		-	-
<i>Historical cost</i>	225		-	-
<i>Accumulated depreciation (*)</i>	226		-	-
Intangible fixed assets	227	8(b)	550.000.000	550.000.000
<i>Historical cost</i>	228		550.000.000	550.000.000
<i>Accumulated amortisation (*)</i>	229		-	-
Long-term biological assets	230		-	-
Livestock for periodic product harvesting	231		-	-
a) Livestock for periodic product harvesting not yet at maturity stage	232		-	-
b) Livestock for periodic product harvesting at maturity stage	233		-	-
<i>Historical cost</i>	234		-	-
<i>Accumulated depreciation (*)</i>	235		-	-
Long-term livestock for one-time product harvesting	236		-	-
Seasonal crops or long-term crops for one-time harvesting	237		-	-
Provision for impairment of long-term biological assets (*)	238		-	-
Investment properties	240		-	-
<i>Historical cost</i>	241		-	-
<i>Accumulated depreciation (*)</i>	242		-	-

TIPHARCO PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT STOCK COMPANY

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS	Code	Note	Mar.31, 2026	Jan.01, 2026
Long-term asset in progress	250		-	-
Long-term work in progress	251		-	-
Construction in progress	252		-	-
Long-term investments	260		-	-
Investment in subsidiary	261		-	-
Investments in associates, joint ventures	262		-	-
Investments in other entities	263		-	-
Provision for impairment of long-term investments in other entities (*)	264		-	-
Long-term investments held to maturity	265		-	-
Provision for long-term investments held to maturity (*)	266		-	-
Other long-term assets	270		8.452.514.533	8.818.786.219
Long-term prepaid expenses	271	7(b)	7.771.897.260	8.138.168.946
Deferred income tax assets	272	26	680.617.273	680.617.273
Long-term substituted equipment, supplies and spare parts	273		-	-
Other long-term assets	274		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	280		273.399.804.166	279.602.703.168

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TIPHARCO PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Form B 01 - DN

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

RESOURCES	Code	Note	Mar.31, 2026	Jan.01, 2026
LIABILITIES	300		68.504.534.081	80.728.397.360
Short-term liabilities	310		67.730.459.081	79.940.822.360
Short-term trade accounts payable	311	9	16.996.190.625	18.572.794.425
Short-term advances from customers	312	10	9.659.822.815	7.833.163.831
Dividends and profits payable	313	13	33.042.612	-
Short-term taxes and other payables to the State	314	11	1.897.736.100	3.395.935.343
Payable to employees	315	12(a)	3.347.735.526	6.057.065.507
Short-term accrued expenses	316	12(b)	1.861.280.518	2.272.284.677
Short-term intercompany payables	317		-	-
Short-term construction contracts-in-progress payables	318		-	-
Short-term unearned revenue	319		-	-
Other short-term payables	320	13	2.765.993.312	3.549.633.924
Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	321	14	30.908.712.920	38.000.000.000
Provision for short-term liabilities	322		-	-
Bonus and welfare fund	323		259.944.653	259.944.653
Price stabilisation funds	324		-	-
Government bonds under repurchase agreement	325		-	-
Long-term liabilities	330		774.075.000	787.575.000
Long term trade accounts payable	331		-	-
Long-term advances from customers	332		-	-
Long-term taxes and other payables to the State	333		-	-
Long-term accrued expenses	334		-	-
Intercompany payables on capital contribution	335		-	-
Long-term intercompany payables	336		-	-
Long-term unearned revenue	337		-	-
Other long-term payables	338		-	-
Long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	339		-	-
Convertible bonds	340		-	-
Preference shares	341		-	-
Deferred income tax liabilities	342		-	-
Provision for long-term liabilities	343	15	774.075.000	787.575.000
Fund for science and technology development	344		-	-

TIPHARCO PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Form B 01 - DN

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

RESOURCES	Code	Note	Mar.31, 2026	Jan.01, 2026
OWNER'S EQUITY	400		204.895.270.085	198.874.305.808
Owner's capital	411	16	96.053.180.000	96.053.180.000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		96.053.180.000	96.053.180.000
- Preference shares	411b		-	-
Share premium	412	17	33.634.115.000	33.634.115.000
Share conversion options on convertible bonds	413		-	-
Owners' other capital	414		-	-
Treasury shares (*)	415		-	-
Differences upon asset revaluation	416		-	-
Foreign exchange differences	417		-	-
Investment and development fund	418	17	19.313.275.717	19.313.275.717
Other equity funds	419		-	-
Undistributed earnings	420	17	55.894.699.368	49.873.735.091
- Accumulated undistributed post-tax profits up to the end of the previous period	420a		49.873.735.091	37.057.492.389
- Undistributed post-tax profits of the current period	420b		6.020.964.277	12.816.242.702
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		273.399.804.166	279.602.703.168

Prepared



Pham Thi Thu Lanh

Chief Accountant



Le Thi My Tien



INCOME STATEMENT

ITEMS	Code	Note	QUARTER 1	
			2026 VND	2025 VND
Revenue from sales and provision of services	01		70.799.708.064	58.558.211.476
Deductions from revenue	02		120.175.273	256.347.200
Net revenue from sales and provision of services	10	19	70.679.532.791	58.301.864.276
Cost of goods sold	11	20	51.848.676.042	45.845.551.842
Gross profit from sales and provision of services	20		18.830.856.749	12.456.312.434
Gain/(loss) from sale and disposal of investment properties	21		-	-
Financial income	22	21	44.922.797	145.118.950
Financial expenses	23	22	613.035.973	1.394.553.252
- In which: Borrowing costs	24		588.858.067	1.394.061.471
Selling expenses	25	23	3.746.540.110	2.532.127.808
General and administration expenses	26	24	7.115.282.524	8.288.012.727
Net operating profit	30		7.400.920.939	386.737.597
Other income	31		125.284.407	48.749.008
Other expenses	32		-	-
Net other income	40	25	125.284.407	48.749.008
Total accounting profit before tax	50		7.526.205.346	435.486.605
Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current	51	26	1.505.241.069	87.097.321
CIT - deferred	52		-	-
Net profit after tax	60		6.020.964.277	348.389.284
Basic earnings per share	70	17(a)	627	42
Diluted earnings per share	71		627	42

Prepared

Pham Thi Thu Lanh

Chief Accountant

Le Thi My Tien

Dong Thap, April 15, 2026

General Director



Le Thanh Tung

CASH FLOW STATEMENT*(Indirect method)*

ITEMS	Code	Note	QUARTER 1	
			2026 VND	2025 VND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before tax	01		7.526.205.346	435.486.605
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	02	27	2.641.048.555	2.738.374.430
Provisions	03		587.101.006	(360.988.782)
Unrealised foreign exchange gains/losses	04		-	-
Gains/losses from investing and financing activities	05		(19.312.221)	(5.055.491)
Borrowing costs	06	22	588.858.067	1.394.061.471
Other adjustments	07		-	-
Operating profit before changes in working capital	08		11.323.900.753	4.201.878.233
Increase/decrease in receivables	09		19.989.035.151	24.130.803.914
Increase/decrease in inventories	10		5.588.238.758	(9.915.575.106)
Increase/decrease in payables (Other than loan interests, income tax)	11		(4.438.187.143)	2.937.045.907
Increase/decrease in prepaid expenses	12		220.201.170	46.355.101
Increase/decrease in securities held for trading	13		-	-
Borrowing costs paid	14		(632.249.809)	(1.394.061.471)
CIT paid	15	11	(2.142.738.383)	(2.982.275.031)
Other receipts from operating activities	16		-	-
Other payments on operating activities	17		-	-
Net cash flows from operating activities	20		29.908.200.497	17.024.171.547
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash paid for purchases and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		-	(57.316.909)
Cash received from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		-	-
Cash paid for loans granted and purchases of debt instruments of other entities	23		-	-
Cash received from collection of loans and proceeds from sales of debt instruments of other entities	24		-	-
Cash paid for investments in other entities	25		-	-
Cash received from divestment in other entities	26		-	-
Interest, dividends and profit received	27		19.312.221	5.055.491
Net cash flows for investing activities	30		19.312.221	(52.261.418)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT*(Indirect method)*

ITEMS	Code	Note	QUARTER 1	
			2026 VND	2025 VND
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from issuance of shares and capital contributions from owners	31		-	-
Cash paid to owners for return of contributed capital and repurchase of issued shares	32		-	-
Proceeds from borrowings	33	14	27.308.712.920	48.546.799.555
Repayment of loan principals	34	14	(34.400.000.000)	(65.200.000.000)
Finance lease principal repayments	35		-	-
Dividends paid	36		-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	40		(7.091.287.080)	(16.653.200.445)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the period	50		22.838.225.638	318.709.084
Cash at beginning of period	60	1	42.227.238.178	16.360.889.595
Effect of foreign exchange differences	61		-	-
Cash at end of period	70	1	<u>65.063.464.116</u>	<u>16.679.599.279</u>

Prepared

Pham Thi Thu Lanh

Chief Accountant

Le Thi My Tien

Dong Thap, April. 15., 2026
General Director

Le Thanh Tung

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

I. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS**1. Ownership structure**

Tipharco Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company (referred to as "the Company") is a joint-stock company operating under the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 1200100557, initially registered on February 28, 2006, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Tien Giang Province. The 24th amendment of the Enterprise Registration Certificate dated January 10, 2026, issued by the Department of Finance of Dong Thap Province.

The Company's charter capital as at March 31, 2026 amounted to VND 96.053.180.000, equivalent to 9.605.318 shares with a par value of VND 10.000 per share. As at January 1, 2026, the charter capital was VND 96.053.180.000, equivalent to 9.605.318 shares with a par value of VND 10.000 per share.

The Company's shares, with the stock code DTG, are listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange under Decision No. 1072/QĐ-SGDHN dated September 8, 2025.

Type of shares	: Ordinary shares
Trading code	: DTG
Par value per share	: VND 10.000/share
Number of listed shares	: 9.605.318 shares
The total value of listed shares at par value	: VND 96.053.180.000

English name:	TIPHARCO PHARMACEUTICAL JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Short name:	TIPHARCO
Stock code:	DTG (HNX)
Head office:	Lot 08, 09 Tan My Chanh Industrial and Handicraft Cluster, My Phong Ward, Dong Thap Province, Vietnam.
Telephone:	02733 871 817

2. Business sector

Pharmaceutical production.

3. Principal activities

Manufacturing of pharmaceuticals, chemicals, and medicinal materials

Details:

- Manufacturing of pharmaceuticals.
- Manufacturing of chemicals and medicinal materials.
- Manufacturing of plant products for medicinal purposes.

4. The normal business cycle of the Company is within 12 months.

5. Operations in the fiscal year affecting the financial statements: Not applicable.

6. Total employees to March 31, 2026: 254 employees. (Total employees to December 31, 2025: 259 employees)

II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND REPORTING CURRENCY**1. Fiscal year**

The fiscal year is begun on January 01 and ended December 31 annually.

2. Reporting currency

Vietnam Dong (VND) is used as a currency unit for accounting records.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026***Unit: VND***III. ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND POLICIES****1. Applicable Accounting System:**

The Company applies Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 99/2025/TT-BTC dated October 27, 2025, effective from January 1, 2026, replacing Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC and its relevant amendments.

2. Disclosure of compliance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Accounting System:

The Board of Management ensures that the requirements of Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the Vietnamese Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 99/2025/TT-BTC dated October 27, 2025, effective from January 1, 2026, replacing Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC and the relevant guiding circulars on the implementation of accounting standards issued by the Ministry of Finance, have been complied with in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

IV. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES**1. Bases for preparing financial statements**

Financial statements are prepared on the basis of accrual accounting (except for information related to cash flows).

2. Transactions in foreign currencies

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are converted at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. The balance of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the accounting period are converted at the exchange rate on that date.

Exchange rate differences arising during the period from transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in financial income or financial expenses. Exchange rate differences due to revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the fiscal year after clearing the increase and decrease difference are recorded in financial income or financial expenses.

3. Principles for recording cash and cash equivalents

The money includes cash, demand and term bank deposits, money in transit and monetary gold.

Cash equivalents are short-term investments with a redemption period or maturity of no more than 3 months from the date of purchase, easily convertible into a specified amount of cash and do not have much risk in conversion into money.

4. Principles for recording trade receivables and other

Receivables are presented at book value less provisions for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables is carried out according to the following principles:

- **Receivables from customers** reflect commercial receivables arising from purchase-sale transactions between the Company and the buyer who is an independent unit of the Company, including amounts Receivable proceeds from sale.
- **Other receivables** reflect non-commercial receivables, not related to purchase and sale transactions

Provision for bad debts is made for each bad debt based on the overdue age of the debts or the expected level of loss that may occur, specifically as follows:

- For overdue receivables: the enterprise estimates the impaired value that is inherently difficult to recover and makes provisions according to current regulations.
- For receivables that are not overdue but are unlikely to be recovered: base on the expected level of loss to set up provisions.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

5. Principles for recording inventories

Inventories are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The original cost of inventory is determined as follows:

- **Raw materials and goods:** includes purchasing costs and other directly related costs incurred to bring inventory to its current location and condition.

- **Finished products:** includes raw material costs, direct labor and related manufacturing overhead costs that are further allocated based on normal operating levels/land use rights costs, direct costs and related general costs incurred during the investment and construction process of real estate products.

- **Cost of production and works in progress:** only includes the cost of main raw materials (or other appropriate cost elements).

Method of calculating inventories' value: According to specific price.

Method of accounting for the inventories: Perpetual method.

Method for setting up provisions for devaluation of inventory: Provision for devaluation of inventory is established for each inventory item whose original price is greater than its net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to consume them.

Increases and decreases in the balances of provision for devaluation of inventory that need to be appropriated at the end of the fiscal year are recorded in cost of goods sold.

6. Principles for recording fixed assets

6.1 Principles for recording tangible fixed assets:

Tangible fixed assets are stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises all expenditures of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. The expenditures incurred beyond their originally assessed standard of performance are capitalised as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets when they have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of those tangible fixed assets. The expenditures which do not meet the above conditions are charged to the expenses in the year.

When the assets are sold or disposed, their original costs and the accumulated depreciation which have been written off and any gain or loss from disposal of assets are recorded in the income statement.

Determination of original costs of tangible fixed assets:

Tangible fixed assets purchased

The original cost of purchased tangible fixed assets shall consist of the actual purchase price less (-) trade discounts or reduction plus (+) taxes (excluding taxes to be refunded) and relevant expenses calculated to the time when such fixed assets are put into operation such as fees for installation and trial operation of fixed assets; specialists and other direct costs.

The original cost of a tangible fixed asset formed from capital construction under the mode of tendering shall be the finalisation price of the construction project, other relevant fees plus (+) registration fee (if any).

Fixed assets which are buildings, structures attached to land use right, the value of land use right is computed separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

6.2 Principles for recording intangible fixed assets:

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. The original cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises all costs of owning the asset to the date it is put into operation as expected.

Principles for recording intangible fixed assets:

Land use rights

Land use rights are all actual expenses the Company has paid that are directly related to used land, including: money spent to have land use rights, costs for compensation and site clearance, site leveling, registration fees, etc. When land use rights are purchased along with houses and architectural objects on the land, the value of land use rights is determined separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

6.3 Method of depreciating and amortizing fixed assets

Depreciation is charged to write off the cost of fixed assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Useful life means the duration in which the tangible fixed assets produce their effect on production and business.

The estimated useful life for assets is as follows:

<i>Buildings and structures</i>	<i>6 - 50 years</i>
<i>Machinery and equipment</i>	<i>2 - 15 years</i>
<i>Transportation and facilities</i>	<i>5 - 25 years</i>

Land use rights which are granted for an indefinite term are carried at cost and not amortised.

7. Principles for recording construction in progress

Construction in progress costs reflect costs (including interest costs) directly related, in accordance with the Company's accounting policies, to assets under construction, machinery and equipment being installed to serve production, lease and management purposes as well as costs related to ongoing repairs of fixed assets. These assets are recorded at cost and are not depreciated.

These costs are capitalised as an additional cost of asset when the works have been completed. After the works have been finalized, the asset will be handed over and put into use.

8. Accounting principles for prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses of the Company comprise actual costs incurred that relate to the operating results of multiple accounting periods. Method of allocation: prepaid expenses are allocated to operating expenses of each period using the straight-line method.

Prepaid land rental: Prepaid land rent represents the land rental paid for the land the Company is using. Prepaid land rental is allocated to expenses according to the straight-line method corresponding to the rental period 43 years.

9. Operating lease assets

A lease is classified as an operating lease if the majority of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the asset belong to the lessor. Operating lease costs are reflected in expenses using the straight-line method throughout the lease term, regardless of the rental payment method.

10. Principle of recording payables

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received. Accrued expenses are recognized based on reasonable estimates of the amount payable.

The classification of payables as payables to sellers, payable expenses, internal payables and other payables is done according to the following principles:

- Trade payables reflect trade payables arising from purchases of goods, services, assets and the seller is an independent unit of the Company, including payables upon import through the trustee.
- Other payables reflect non-commercial payables, not related to transactions of buying, selling or providing with goods and services.

11. Accounting principles for dividends and profit distribution payable

Dividends and profit distributions payable are recognized when there is an approved resolution on profit distribution issued by the General Meeting of Shareholders or Members' Council.

Such amounts are recognized only when the Company has a present obligation to make payment and the amount can be measured reliably.

The source of payment is retained earnings after tax.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026***Unit: VND***12. Principle of recording borrowings and financial lease liabilities**

The value of borrowings recorded is the total amount borrowed from banks, organizations, financial companies and other entities (excluding loans by bond issuance or preferred stock issuance with provisions that require the issuer to repurchase at a certain time in the future).

Finance lease liabilities are recognized at the total amount payable, measured at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased asset.

Borrowings and financial lease liabilities are tracked in detail by each loan object, debtor, each borrowing contract and each type of borrowing asset.

13. Principle of recording accrued expenses

Accrued expenses reflect amounts payable for goods and services received from the seller or provided to the buyer but not yet paid due to lack of invoices or insufficient records, accounting documents and amounts payable to employees in terms of vacation wages, production and business expenses that must be deducted in advance.

14. Principle of recording provision for payables

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and settlement of the obligation is likely to result in the economic benefits and value of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

If the effect of time is material, provisions will be determined by discounting future payments to settle debt obligations at a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current assessments on market in terms of the time value of money and the specific risks of that debt. The increase in provisions due to the passage of time is recognized as a financial expense.

The Company's payable provisions include:

Severance allowance provision: The Company must pay severance allowance to employees who work regularly at the Company for 12 months or more for the period of time not participating in unemployment insurance when they terminate the labor contract. Severance allowance provision is made at a level equal to 1/2 month's salary plus salary allowance (if any) of the average of the six most recent months up to the time of preparing the Financial Statements for 1 year of employment. Increases and decreases in severance allowance provision balance that need to be appropriated at the end of the fiscal year are recorded in corporate management expenses.

15. Principles for recording owner's Equity**Principles for recording owner's Paid-in Capital**

Owner's contributed capital is recorded according to the actual amount of capital contributed by shareholders and is reflected at the par value of the shares.

Share premium: Share premium is recorded according to the difference between the issue price and par value of shares, the difference between the re-issue price and book value of treasury shares.

Principles for recording undistributed earnings

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after setting up funds according to the Charter of the Company as well as the provisions of law and approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Dividends are recorded as liabilities when approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026***Unit: VND***16. Principles and methods of recording revenue and other income****16.1 Revenue from goods sold**

Sales revenue is recognized when the following five (5) conditions are simultaneously met: 1. The enterprise has transferred most of the risks and benefits associated with ownership of the product or goods to the buyer; 2. The enterprise no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the owner of the goods or the right to control the goods; 3. Revenue is measured with relative certainty. When the contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return the purchased products or goods under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the products and goods (except in cases where customers have the right to return goods in the form of exchange for other goods or services); 4. The enterprise receives or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction; 5. Costs related to sales transactions can be identified.

16.2 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts, sales returns and allowances. Sales deductions incurred in the same year of the related revenue from sales of products, goods and rendering of services are recorded as deduction of revenue of that year.

Sales deductions for sales of products, goods or rendering of services which are sold in the year but are incurred after the separate balance sheet date but before the issuance of the separate financial statements are recorded as deduction of revenue of the year.

17. Principles and method of recording cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold is the cost of products, goods, services; expenses related to trading the investment properties, cost of production of construction products (for construction enterprises) sold during the period and other expenses recorded in the cost of goods sold or recorded a decrease in the cost of goods sold in reporting period. The cost of goods sold is recorded at the date the transaction incurs or likely to incur in the future regardless payment has been made or not. The cost of goods sold and revenue shall be recorded simultaneously on conformity principles. Expenses exceeding normal consumption level are recorded immediately to the cost of goods sold on prudent principle.

18. Principles and method of recording financial expenses

Financial expenses include: Costs or losses related to financial investment activities, lending and borrowing costs, joint venture and associate capital contribution costs, short-term securities transfer losses, transaction costs for selling securities; Provisions for financial investment devaluation, losses incurred from foreign currency sales, exchange rate losses, and other financial expenses.

Financial expenses are recorded in details by their content and determined reliably when there are sufficient evidences on these expenses.

19. Principles of accounting for sales costs

Selling expenses represent expenses incurred in the process of selling products and goods.

20. Principles of accounting for business management costs

General and administration expenses represent expenses incurred for administrative purposes.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026****Unit: VND****21. Principles and methods of recording current taxes and deferred taxes**

Corporate income tax includes current corporate income tax and deferred corporate income tax incurred in the year and set basis for determining operating result after tax in current fiscal year.

Current income tax is a tax calculated based on taxable income. Taxable income differs from accounting profit due to adjustment of temporary differences between tax and accounting, non-deductible expenses as well as adjustment of non-taxable income and transferred losses.

Deferred income tax is the corporate income tax that will be payable or refunded due to the temporary difference between the book value of assets and liabilities for the purpose of preparing financial statements and tax basis. Income. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized only when it is probable that taxable profits will be available in the future against which these deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or the entire deferred tax asset is used. Previously unrecognized deferred corporate income tax assets are reassessed at the balance sheet date and are recognized when it is certainty that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the income tax assets can be utilized.

Tax rates of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are determined at the tax rates expected to be applied in the year the asset is recovered or the liability is settled based on the effective tax rates at the end of the financial year. Deferred income tax is recorded in the income statement and recorded directly in equity only when the tax relates to items recorded directly in equity.

22. Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Company engaged in sales of goods ("business segment"), or sales of goods within a particular economic environment ("geographical segment"). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. A reportable segment is the Company's business segment or the Company's geographical segment.

23. Related parties

According to accounting standard No. 26 - Information about related parties at the company is as follows:

- (i) Enterprises that control, or are controlled directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or are under joint control with the reporting enterprise (including parent companies, subsidiaries, subsidiaries of the same group);
- (iii) Individuals with direct or indirect voting rights in reporting enterprises that lead to significant influence over these enterprises, including close family members of these individuals. Close family members of an individual are those who can control or be controlled by that person when dealing with a business such as: Father, mother, spouses, children, siblings;
- (iv) Key management employees have the rights and responsibilities for planning, managing and controlling the activities of the reporting enterprise, including leaders and management staff of the company and close family members of these individuals;
- (v) Enterprises where the individuals mentioned in case (iii) or case (iv) of Section 1.3 of this article directly or indirectly hold an important part of the voting rights or through this, that person can have a significant impact on the business. This includes businesses that are owned by the directors or major shareholders of the reporting enterprise and businesses that share a key member of management with the reporting enterprise.

In considering each relationship between related parties, it is necessary to pay attention to the nature of the relationship, not just the legal form of those relationships.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE BALANCE SHEET

1 CASH

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
Cash on hand	2.202.583.656	1.027.733.603
Demand deposits	62.860.880.460	41.199.504.875
	<u>65.063.464.116</u>	<u>42.227.238.478</u>

Details of demand deposit balances:

+ Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam (BIDV) – Tien Giang Branch	31.837.154.334	17.997.850.775
+ Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam (Vietcombank) – Tien Giang Branch	31.023.670.377	23.201.598.365
+ Other banks	55.749	55.735
	<u>62.860.880.460</u>	<u>41.199.504.875</u>

2 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
FPT Long Chau Pharma Joint Stock Company	3.475.628.507	8.466.720.702
Pegasus Pharmaceutical Company Limited	1.367.531.971	2.592.575.971
Others	36.232.818.932	48.909.485.178
	<u>41.075.979.410</u>	<u>59.968.781.851</u>

3 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
Roshn Technology New Material (Zhengyang) Co., Ltd.	-	979.107.813
Ho Chi Minh City Drug Testing Institute	450.493.760	472.946.960
Others	93.300.000	114.502.567
Related Parties (Note 30(b))	125.000.000	125.000.000
	<u>668.793.760</u>	<u>1.691.557.340</u>

4 OTHER RECEIVABLES

(a) Short term	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
Advances	266.580.000	-
Deposits	109.445.049	123.705.049
	<u>376.025.049</u>	<u>123.705.049</u>
(b) Long term		
+ Magnolia Investment Corporation (Note 30(b))	218.505.000	218.505.000
+ Others	750.000	750.000
Deposits	<u>219.255.000</u>	<u>219.255.000</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

5 PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS SHORT-TERM

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>		
	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision
District 10 Medical Center	171.191.755	-	171.191.755
Huynh Trung Dung General Hospital One Member Company Limited	34.371.400	-	34.371.400
Others	4.639.023.929	2.856.369.554	1.782.654.375
Receivables that were past due	<u>4.844.587.084</u>	<u>2.856.369.554</u>	<u>1.988.217.530</u>

	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>		
	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision
Levo Pharma Company Limited	359.485.586	172.969.028	186.516.558
District 10 Medical Center	171.191.755	-	171.191.755
Huynh Trung Dung General Hospital One Member Company Limited	34.371.400	-	34.371.400
Others	3.291.838.112	2.001.732.755	1.290.105.357
Receivables that were past due	<u>3.856.886.853</u>	<u>2.174.701.783</u>	<u>1.682.185.070</u>

6 INVENTORIES

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>		<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>	
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Raw materials	30.125.850.992	(222.620.000)	33.088.589.107	(225.825.290)
Works in progress	4.113.696.086	-	5.256.428.867	-
Finished goods	40.410.715.539	(499.274.842)	41.591.874.890	(201.501.006)
Merchandise	584.613.998	-	886.222.509	-
	<u>75.234.876.615</u>	<u>(721.894.842)</u>	<u>80.823.115.373</u>	<u>(427.326.296)</u>

7 PREPAID EXPENSES

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
a) Short-term prepaid expenses		
Fire insurance expenses	242.270.922	26.130.405
Software	70.069.997	140.139.998
	<u>312.340.919</u>	<u>166.270.403</u>
b) Long-term prepaid expenses		
Land lease expense (*)	6.247.683.840	6.296.493.870
Repair expenses	724.927.565	889.501.826
Others	799.285.855	952.173.250
	<u>7.771.897.260</u>	<u>8.138.168.946</u>

(*) The balance represents prepaid land lease payments for plots 08 and 09, Tan My Chanh Industrial and Handicraft Cluster, My Phong Ward, Dong Thap Province. The lease term is 43 years, commencing on April 24, 2015, and expiring on April 2, 2058.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

8 FIXED ASSETS**(a) Tangible fixed assets**

Items	Buildings & structures	Machinery & equipment	Transportation and transmission instruments	Total
Original cost				
Opening balance	52.603.724.573	97.501.837.271	52.674.228.138	202.779.789.982
New purchases	-	-	-	-
Disposal, sale	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	52.603.724.573	97.501.837.271	52.674.228.138	202.779.789.982
Accumulated depreciation				
Opening balance	15.180.435.280	75.640.829.478	25.218.861.221	116.040.125.979
Charge for the year	358.994.595	1.382.488.135	899.565.825	2.641.048.555
Disposal, sale	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	15.539.429.875	77.023.317.613	26.118.427.046	118.681.174.534
Net book value				
Opening balance	37.423.289.293	21.861.007.793	27.455.366.917	86.739.664.003
Closing balance	37.064.294.698	20.478.519.658	26.555.801.092	84.098.615.448

Cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets still in use:

As at Jan.1, 2026	773.236.081	42.223.791.878	9.920.560.088	52.917.588.047
As at Mar.31, 2026	773.236.081	43.040.481.878	9.920.560.088	53.734.278.047

Net book value of tangible fixed assets pledged at banks as collateral for borrowings:

As at Jan.1, 2026	31.192.396.996	9.142.922.919	12.699.275.651	53.034.595.566
As at Mar.31, 2026	30.906.018.751	8.551.208.562	12.281.839.682	51.739.066.995

(b) Intangible fixed assets

As at 31 March 2026 and 31 December 2025, the balance of intangible fixed assets is the value of land use rights at Thu Khoa Huan Street, Go Cong Ward, Dong Thap Province, which is indefinite and not amortised.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

9 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	Mar.31, 2026		Jan.01, 2026	
	Value	Able-to-pay amount	Value	Able-to-pay amount
Shandong New Time Pharmaceutical Co.,Ltd	3.515.149.600	3.515.149.600	3.577.616.000	3.577.616.000
VRT Pharmaceutical One Member Limited Liability Company	1.915.200.000	1.915.200.000	-	-
Phuong Phuc Pharmaceutical Company Limited	-	-	2.273.937.141	2.273.937.141
Multipack Company Limited	1.105.686.180	1.105.686.180	1.836.661.632	1.836.661.632
Phuc Dan International Pharmaceutical Trading Joint	1.000.000.000	1.000.000.000	1.000.000.000	1.000.000.000
Others	9.460.154.845	9.460.154.845	9.884.579.652	9.884.579.652
	<u>16.996.190.625</u>	<u>16.996.190.625</u>	<u>18.572.794.425</u>	<u>18.572.794.425</u>

10 SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

	Mar.31, 2026	Jan.01, 2026
Alpha Pharma Company Limited	3.128.933.934	2.714.392.570
Hiep Thuan Thanh Pharmaceutical Company Limited	634.972.009	634.972.009
Vian Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company	1.876.867.272	403.506.984
GSpharm Joint Stock Company	534.050.295	534.050.295
Others	3.484.999.305	3.546.241.973
	<u>9.659.822.815</u>	<u>7.833.163.831</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

*Unit: VND***11 TAX AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM/PAYABLES TO THE STATE**

	As at Jan.1, 2026	Movement in the period		As at Mar.31, 2026
		Payables	Paid	
Tax payables/(Tax receivables)				
VAT output	1.100.391.900	957.122.820	(1.665.019.689)	392.495.031
VAT on importation	(351.157.940)	967.175.932	(616.017.992)	-
Personal income tax	152.805.060	394.931.269	(573.105.139)	(25.368.810)
CIT - current	2.142.738.383	1.505.241.069	(2.142.738.383)	1.505.241.069
Others	(32.682.878)	-	-	(32.682.878)
	<u>3.012.094.525</u>	<u>3.824.471.090</u>	<u>(4.996.881.203)</u>	<u>1.839.684.412</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

12 ACCRUED EXPENSES**(a) Payables To Employees**

As of March 31, 2026, the balance represents salaries payable for March 2026.

(b) Short-Term Accrued Expenses

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
Accrued allowance for the Board of Directors	160.500.000	456.000.000
Advance payment of 13th month salary 2026	702.088.839	-
Others	998.691.679	1.816.284.677
	<u>1.861.280.518</u>	<u>2.272.284.677</u>

13 OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
<i>Circa Pharmacy LLC</i>	1.200.000.000	1.200.000.000
<i>Nam Hung Pharmaceutical Service Trading Company</i>	400.000.000	400.000.000
<i>Hung Thinh International Trading Development Company Limited</i>	303.046.290	303.046.290
<i>Other deposits</i>	835.583.222	1.585.583.222
Others	60.406.412	61.004.412
	<u>2.799.035.924</u>	<u>3.549.633.924</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

*Unit: VND***14 BORROWINGS****Short-term**

	As at Jan.1, 2026	New drawdown	Repayments	As at Mar.31, 2026
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam (*)	38.000.000.000	27.308.712.920	(34.400.000.000)	30.908.712.920
	<u>38.000.000.000</u>	<u>27.308.712.920</u>	<u>(34.400.000.000)</u>	<u>30.908.712.920</u>

(*) This is a loan facility under Contract No.01/2025/4333498/HĐTD, with a total loan limit of VND45.000.000.000, 6-month term, an interest rate determined at each disbursement, secured by a pledge on the company's plant, machinery, equipment, and vehicles, and is intended to supplement working capital requirements for production and business operations.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

15 PROVISIONS FOR LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2026 and 31 December 2025, the balance of provisions for long- term liabilities represents the provision for severance allowance.

16 OWNERS' CAPITAL**(a) Number of shares**

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
	Ordinary shares	Ordinary shares
Number of shares registered	9.605.318	9.605.318
Number of shares issued	9.605.318	9.605.318
Number of existing shares in circulation	<u>9.605.318</u>	<u>9.605.318</u>
Par value per share: VND10.000		

(b) Details of owners' shareholdings

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>		<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>	
	CỔ PHIẾU PHỔ THÔNG	%	CỔ PHIẾU PHỔ THÔNG	%
Mr. Nguyen Ho Nam	2.387.773	24,86	2.387.773	24,86
Ms. Dang Thi Thu Hang	2.344.353	24,41	2.344.353	24,41
Bamboo Capital Group Joint Stock Company	2.018.200	21,01	2.018.200	21,01
Ms. Nguyen Phuong Hoa	1.082.490	11,27	1.082.490	11,27
Magnolia Investment Joint Stock Company	495.765	5,16	495.765	5,16
Others	1.276.737	13,29	1.276.737	13,29
	<u>9.605.318</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>9.605.318</u>	<u>100</u>

(c) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares
Opening balance	9.605.318	96.053.180.000
New shares issued	-	-
Closing balance	<u>9.605.318</u>	<u>96.053.180.000</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

17 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

	Owner's capital	Share premium	Investment and development fund	Undistributed earnings	Total
As at 1 January 2025	83.525.730.000	33.634.115.000	19.313.275.717	49.584.942.389	186.058.063.106
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	12.816.242.702	12.816.242.702
Dividend payment in 2024	12.527.450.000	-	-	(12.527.450.000)	-
As at 31 December 2025	<u>96.053.180.000</u>	<u>33.634.115.000</u>	<u>19.313.275.717</u>	<u>49.873.735.091</u>	<u>198.874.305.808</u>
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	6.020.964.277	6.020.964.277
As at 31 March 2026	<u>96.053.180.000</u>	<u>33.634.115.000</u>	<u>19.313.275.717</u>	<u>55.894.699.368</u>	<u>204.895.270.085</u>

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare fund by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, excluding ordinary shares repurchased by the Company and held as treasury shares:

	Mar.31, 2026	Mar.31, 2025
Net profit attributable to shareholders	6.020.954.277	348.389.284
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares)	9.605.318	8.352.573
Basic earnings per share (VND)	<u>627</u>	<u>42</u>

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The Company did not have any ordinary shares potentially diluted during the year and up to the date of this financial statements. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

18 OFF BALANCE SHEET

a) Foreign currencies

As at 31 March 2026, included in cash were balances held in foreign currencies of USD11.859,98 (as at 31 December 2025: USD16.000,32).

b) Precious metals, gems

As of March 31 2026, the company holds 27 SJC gold bars, valued at VND382.500.000.

19 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Sales		
Revenue from finished goods sales	70.777.690.708	58.512.768.345
Revenue from service provision	22.017.356	45.443.131
	<u>70.799.708.064</u>	<u>58.558.211.476</u>
Sales deductions		
Trade discounts	120.175.273	-
Sales returns	-	256.347.200
	<u>120.175.273</u>	<u>256.347.200</u>
Net revenue from sales of goods		
Revenue from finished goods sales	70.657.515.435	58.256.421.145
Revenue from service provision	22.017.356	45.443.131
	<u>70.679.532.791</u>	<u>58.301.864.276</u>

20 COST OF GOODS SOLD

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Cost of finished goods sold	51.554.107.496	46.206.540.624
Cost of services provided	-	-
Provision for decline in value of inventories	294.568.546	(360.988.782)
	<u>51.848.676.042</u>	<u>45.845.551.842</u>

21 FINANCIAL INCOME

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Deposit interest	19.312.221	5.055.491
Exchange rate difference gains	25.610.576	140.063.459
	<u>44.922.797</u>	<u>145.118.950</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

22 FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Interest expense	588.858.067	1.394.061.471
Exchange rate difference loss	24.177.906	491.781
	<u>613.035.973</u>	<u>1.394.553.252</u>

23 SELLING EXPENSES

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Staff costs	2.324.004.199	1.742.424.638
Outside service expenses	924.623.184	411.982.358
Tax and other fees	6.980.000	41.451
Depreciation	51.364.386	51.364.386
Others	439.568.341	326.314.975
	<u>3.746.540.110</u>	<u>2.532.127.808</u>

24 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Staff costs	3.733.239.545	3.612.750.395
Outside service expenses	2.011.235.210	3.996.658.405
Provision for doubtful debts	306.032.460	-
Depreciation	125.886.852	125.886.852
Others	938.888.457	552.717.075
	<u>7.115.282.524</u>	<u>8.288.012.727</u>

25 OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Other income		
Others	125.284.407	48.749.008
	<u>125.284.407</u>	<u>48.749.008</u>
Other expenses		
Others	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Other profits/(losses)	<u>125.284.407</u>	<u>48.749.008</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

26 CORPORATE INCOME TAX

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
1. Earning before taxes	7.526.205.346	435.486.605
2. Adjustments to increase (decrease) accounting profit to determine taxable income	0	0
3. Taxable income	7.526.205.346	435.486.605
- Taxable income to non-preferential tax rates	7.526.205.346	435.486.605
- Taxable income to preferential tax rates	-	-
4. Corporate income tax	1.505.241.069	87.097.321
- CIT to non-preferential tax rates	1.505.241.069	87.097.321
- CIT to preferential tax rates (*)	-	-
5. Current corporate income tax	<u>1.505.241.069</u>	<u>87.097.321</u>

(*) Pursuant to Decree No.13/2019/ND-CP dated 1 February 2019 on Science and Technology Enterprises, the Company shall be entitled to CIT exemption for 4 years and 50% tax reduction for the next 9 years since 2017. The company started receiving a 50% tax reduction from 2021 to 2029.

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
6. Total deferred income tax		
- Deferred corporate income tax incurred from reversal of deferred corporate income tax assets.	-	-
- Deferred corporate income tax incurred from reversal of deferred corporate income tax liabilities	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
7. Deferred income tax assets	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
- Deferred income tax assets related to taxable temporary differences	680.617.273	680.617.273
	<u>680.617.273</u>	<u>680.617.273</u>

27 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

Costs of operation by factor represents all costs incurred during the period, excluding cost of merchandises for trading activities. Details are as follows:

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
Raw materials	36.642.176.116	50.977.093.106
Staff costs	10.696.058.819	10.054.001.652
Depreciation	2.641.048.555	2.738.374.430
Outside service	5.197.509.617	6.561.396.475
Others	1.691.469.258	879.073.501
	<u>56.868.262.365</u>	<u>71.209.939.164</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

28 SEGMENT REPORTING*Segment reporting by business segments*

Pharmaceutical production and trading is the unique activity that generates revenue and profit for the Company. Therefore, the Board of Management determines that the Company operates in one business segment.

Segment reporting by geographic area

The Company operates mainly in the territory of Vietnam. Therefore, the Company does not manage segment reports on business results, fixed assets, other long-term assets or the amount of major non-cash expenses of the division by geographical area based on the customer's location.

29 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON CERTAIN ITEMS OF THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
(a) Amount of loan actually withdrawn during the period		
Proceeds from borrowings following normal borrowing contracts	27.308.712.920	48.546.799.555
(b) Amount of loan principal actually paid during the period		
Repayments for borrowings following normal borrowing contracts	34.400.000.000	65.200.000.000
(c) Non-cash transactions affect the statement of cash flows		
Purchase of fixed assets that have not yet been settled	-	548.334.091

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

30 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Details of the key related parties and relationship are given as below:

Company name	Relationship
AAA Insurance Corporation Joint Stock Company	Under common by key management
Tam Sinh Nghia Investment and Development Joint Stock Company	Under common by key management
Magnolia Investment Joint Stock Company	Under common by key management
Board of Directors, Board of Supervision and Board of Management	Key management
SBS Securities Joint Stock Company	Under common by key management

(a) Related party transactions

The primary transactions out with related parties incurred in the period are:

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar.31, 2025</i>
(i) Sales of goods		
Tam Sinh Nghia Investment and Development Joint Stock Company	-	17.911.449
(ii) Purchases of goods and services		
AAA Insurance Joint Stock Corporation	229.330.959	322.244.805
Magnolia Investment Joint Stock Company	386.840.313	511.999.675
(iii) Expenses for key management personnel		
	<i>Mar. 31, 2026</i>	<i>Mar. 31, 2025</i>
Mr. Le Thanh Tung	445.711.429	453.271.893
Ms. Ly Thi Xuan Mai	388.768.172	401.587.199
Ms. Le Thi My Tien	128.448.000	127.952.923
Mr. Dang Viet Anh	60.000.000	-
Mr. Luu Hoai Nam	10.500.000	-
Mr. Do Ngoc An	25.500.000	-
Ms. Nguyen Thi Hong Nhung	25.500.000	-
Ms. Dang Thi Thu Hang	36.000.000	-
Mr. Thai Van Hung	36.000.000	-
Mr. Nguyen Quoc Khanh	36.000.000	-
Mr. Dong Hai Ha	36.000.000	-
Ms. Tran Thi Bich Nhi	24.000.000	-
Mr. Le Van Son	3.500.000	-
Mr. Hoang Quoc Trung	8.500.000	-
	1.264.427.602	982.812.015

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026**

Unit: VND

(b) Closing balance with related parties

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
Prepayment to short-term sellers (Note 3)		
SBS Securities Joint Stock Company	<u>125.000.000</u>	<u>125.000.000</u>
Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 4(b))		
Magnolia Investment Joint Stock Company	<u>218.505.000</u>	<u>218.505.000</u>

31 COMMITMENTS

Commitments under operating leases

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

	<i>Mar.31, 2026</i>	<i>Jan.01, 2026</i>
Within one year	1.518.613.571	1.499.865.255
Between one and five years	2.834.745.332	3.228.459.961
Total minimum payments	<u>4.353.358.903</u>	<u>4.728.325.216</u>

Dong Thap, April. 15., 2026

Prepared



Pham Thi Thu Lanh

Chief Accountant



Le Thi My Tien

General Director



Le Thanh Tung